

Vital Earth Resources

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2010 Crop Results

Vitazyme on Vetch, Spring

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Location: Vinnytsia State Agricultural Research Station, Vinnytsia, Ukraine (Central Forest and Steppe Region)

Variety: Liliana

Soil type: gray podzolic (organic matter = 2.2%, hydrolyzed N = 8.4 mg/100 g soil, P = 15.8 mg/100 g soil, exchangeable K = 12.4 mg/100 g soil, pH = 5.5)

Previous crop: spring barley

Planting date: April 17, 2010

Planting rate: 1.8 million seeds/ha

Soil preparation: disking to 6 to 8 cm, tillage to 22 cm, cultivation to 4 to 5 cm

Experimental design: A spring vetch plot area was divided into four replicates with a control and two Vitazyme treatments, with the objective of determining the effects of the product on vetch yield.

1. Control

2. Vitazyme on seeds

3. Vitazyme on seeds and leaves

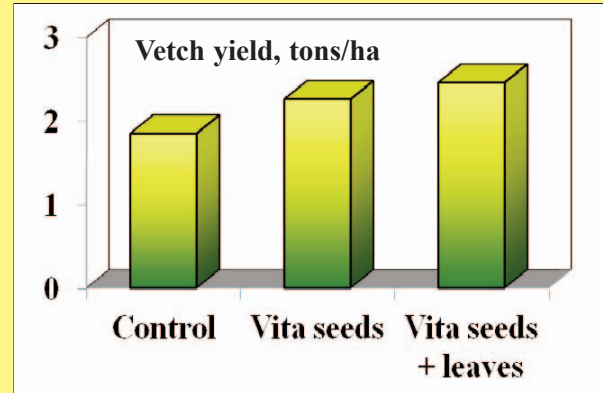
Fertilization: 15-15-15 kg/ha of N-P₂O₅-K₂O, incorporated before planting

Vitazyme application: Treatments 2 and 3, 1 liter/ha on the seeds at planting on April 17; Treatment 3, 1 liter/ha on the leaves and soil at early bloom on June 9

Yield results:

Treatment	Yield tons/ha	Yield change tons/ha
1. Control	1.85	---
2. Vitazyme, seeds	2.26	0.41 (+22%)
3. Vitazyme, seeds + leaves	2.46	0.61 (+33%)

**Yield increase with Vitazyme:
22 to 33%**



Income results: The single seed treatment produced 1,005 hrn/ha more increase, whereas the seed plus foliar treatment increased yield by 1,305 hrn/ha.

Conclusion: Vitazyme in this replicated Ukrainian spring vetch trial produced excellent yield increases using both a seed treatment (22%), and a seed plus foliar treatment (33%). Income increases were commensurate with yield increases: 1,005 and 1,305 hrn/ha, respectively. These results illustrate how effective this bio-stimulant is to improve the yields and income for vetch in Ukraine.